# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **SCHEDULE 14A**

(Rule 14a-101)

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No. )

File	ed by	the Registrant [X]
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Che		e appropriate box:
[ ]		reliminary Proxy Statement
[ ]		onfidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
[ ]		efinitive Proxy Statement
[X]		efinitive Additional Materials
[ ]	50	bliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12
		Honeywell International Inc.
		(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)
		(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)
Pay	ment	of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box):
[X]	No	fee required.
[ ]	Fee	computed on table below per Exchange Act Rules 14a-6(i)(1) and 0-11.
	1)	Title of each class of securities to which transaction applies:
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March/April 2017

HONEYWELL SHAREOWNER ENGAGEMENT MATERIALS



#### Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements, other than statements of fact, that address activities, events or developments that we or our management intend, expect, project, believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on management's assumptions and assessments in light of past experience and trends, current market, economic, legislative, political, regulatory and industry conditions, expected future developments and other relevant factors. Actual capital deployment will depend on timing and final details of changes to tax code as well as then current market and operating conditions. Forward looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results, developments and business decisions may differ from those envisaged by our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements are also subject to risks and uncertainties, which can affect our performance in both the near- and long-term. We identify the principal risks and uncertainties that affect our performance in our Form 10-K and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains financial measures presented on a non-GAAP basis. Honeywell's non-GAAP financial measures include core organic sales growth (as defined below); segment profit, a measure by which we assess operating performance, which we define as operating income adjusted for certain items as presented in the Appendix; segment margin, which we define as segment profit divided by sales; free cash flow, which we define as cash flow from operations less capital expenditures; and free cash flow conversion, which we define as free cash flow divided by net income excluding pension mark-to market expenses and debt refinancing charges. Non-GAAP financial measures also include earnings per share adjusted to exclude pension mark-to-market expenses, and as applicable, fourth quarter 2016 debt refinancing charges and the impact of 2016 divestitures. The respective tax rates applied when adjusting earnings per share to exclude these items and when calculating free cash flow conversion are identified in reconciliations presented in the Appendix. Management believes that, when considered together with reported amounts, these measures are useful to investors and management in understanding our ongoing operations and in analysis of ongoing operating trends. These metrics should be considered in addition to, and not as replacements for, the most comparable GAAP measure. Refer to the Appendix attached to this presentation for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

#### Peer Comparison

Peer comparisons use certain non-GAAP financial information that both Honeywell and each peer company utilize in their financial disclosures and investor presentations. Each peer company adjusts its GAAP financial results in a different manner and their presentation of this non-GAAP information is subject to change from time to time.



# **Agenda**

- Review Of Honeywell 2016 Financial Performance
  - Financial Performance Versus Peer Group And Multi-Industry Peers
- Engagement With Shareowners In 2016
- Executive Compensation: 2016 Actions and Significant Program Changes
- Governance Changes In 2016: Strengthening The Lead Director Role



# Honeywell: An Industrial & Aerospace Technology Company

#### Who We Are

- Honeywell invents and manufactures technologies that address some of the world's most critical challenges around energy, safety, security, productivity and global urbanization
- Pioneering the connected aircraft in Aerospace
- Connecting homes and buildings in Home and Building Technologies
- Automating processes and developing advanced materials in Performance Materials and Technologies
- Driving worker and warehouse productivity in Safety and Productivity Solutions
- ~131,000 employees across 70 countries



#### Unique Scale and Non-U.S. Presence

~\$95B

Market Cap

~\$39B In Sales

~\$7B

Segment Profit

U.S. Defense

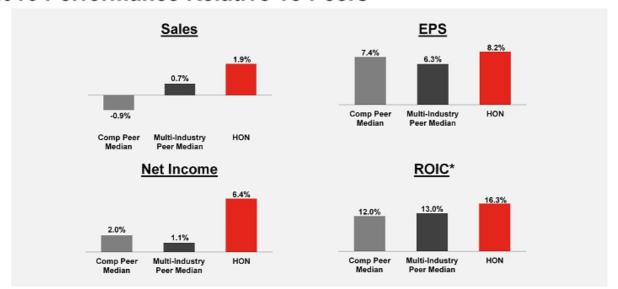
Services

~54%

Int'l Defense

International

**Building A Smarter, Safer, And More Sustainable World** 



Comp Peer Median Reflects Compensation Peer Group Median; Multi-Industry Peer Median Includes EMR, GE, MMM, And UTX; Peer Median Net Income And EPS Reflect Adjusted (Non-GAAP) Results

\* ROIC = Adjusted Net Income Before Interest + Net Investment (2-Point Average)
Adjusted Net Income Before Interest = Net Income (Honeywell Ex-Pension MTM And 4016 Debt Refinancing Expenses) + After-Tax Interest
EPS For Honeywell Excludes Pension Mark-To-Market Adjustment And Impact From 4016 Debt Refinancing Charges
Net Investment = Book Value Of Equity + Total Debt

2016 Marked Another Year Of Outperformance By Honeywell

## Honeywell Key Financial Metrics (2014 – 2016)

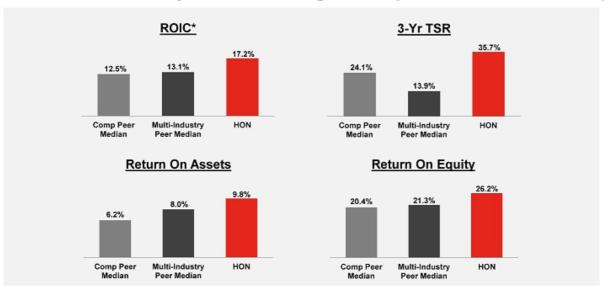




Honeywell's Total Cumulative Shareowner Return (TSR) 15% 1-Year 36% 3-Year 139% 5-Year 228% 10-Year **Dave Cote Tenure** 579% (15 Years) 10 Years: 86th Percentile Vs. Compensation Peer Group Dave Cote's Tenure: 100th Percentile Vs. Compensation Peer Group

Consistent Results While Continuing To Invest In The Business

## Return Measures (3-Year Average Compared To Peer Group)



Note: Reflects 2014-2016 Fiscal Year Data; Comp Peer Median Reflects Compensation Peer Group Median; Multi-Industry Peer Median Includes EMR, GE, MMM, UTX
\*ROIC = Adjusted Net Income Before Interest - Net Investment (2-Point Average)
Adjusted Net Income Before Interest = Net Income (Horreywell Ex-Pension MTM And 4Q16 Debt Refinancing Expenses) + After-Tax Interest
Net Investment = Book Value Of Equity + Total Debt
ROA = Adjusted Net Income +Total Assets (2 - Point Average)
ROE = Adjusted Net Income +Total Shareowner Equity (2 - Point Average)
TSR Calculated As Of December 31, 2016

**Return Measures Demonstrate Long-Term Sustainability Of Results** 

# Shareowner Outreach



### **Engagement with Shareowners In 2016**

#### **Outreach To Our Shareowners**

- Unprecedented Level Of Engagement With Honeywell Shareowners In 2016
- During Summer/Fall, Extended Invitations To 32 Largest Shareowners Representing 45% Of Outstanding Shares For Open Dialogue On Compensation And Governance
- 16 Shareowners Accepted Our Invitation Representing Approximately 1/3 Of Honeywell Shares
- Lead Director And Chair Of Compensation Committee Participated In 8 Of These Meetings, Often Face-To-Face

#### What We Learned From Engagement

- Most Shareowners Supportive And In Agreement With Changes To Our Executive Compensation Plans
  - Some Shareowners Wanted Assurance That Compensation Changes Would Help Create Long-Term Value And Were Not An Overreaction To 2016 'Say-On-Pay' Vote Outcome
- Appreciative Of Our Responsiveness In Strengthening The Lead Director Role
- Comfortable With The Transparency And Level Of Disclosure Related To CEO Succession Plan
- Supportive of Honeywell's ESG Profile and Board Diversity and Skill Set

Significant Level Of Communication Between Board And Shareowners

# Executive Compensation



## **Summary of Compensation Program Changes**

2017 2016 To attract and compensate high-performing and experienced leaders at a competitive level of cash compensation. Base salaries are determined based on scope of responsibility, years of experience and individual performance. Base Salary Cash award; 80% based on formulaic determination against pre-established financial metrics, 20% based Cash award; 80% based on formulaic determination against pre-established financial metrics. 20% based on assessment of individual performance. Reset annual baseline award for the CEO and the whole leadership team to their annual target ICP as a percent of base pay. To motivate and reward executives for achieving annual corporate, SBG and functional goals in key areas of financial and operational performance. Annual Incentive on assessment of individual performance. Prior year actual award as baseline Compensation Program ("ICP") (last year we will use this approach). Directly aligns the interest of our executives with shareowners. Options only have value for executives if the operating performance results in stock price appreciation. Stock Options:
 CEO: 66% of LTI
 Other NEOs: 48% of LTI Stock Options:
CEO and whole leadership team: 25% of LTI Stock Options:
Ramp down weighting 3-Year Performance Plan

CEO and whole
leadership team: -50% of
LTI 3-Year Performance Plan:
- Stock-based PSUs Biennial Growth Plan Focuses executives on the achievement of Long Term Incentive Compensation Ramp up weighting Will include TSR and specific financial performance goals directly aligned with our operating and strategic plans. Stock-based PSUs Will include TSR and mpensation ("LTI") financial metrics financial metrics. Restricted Stock Units:
None Restricted Stock Units: Performance-based Restricted Stock Units: CEO and whole leadership team: 25% of Encourages key executive retention, 100% of award based on TSR relative to peers. CEO: None Other NEOs: 28% of LTI 3-Year Relative TSR Time-based for retention

**Demonstrating Responsiveness To Shareowners** 

LINK TO STRATEGY & PERFORMANCE

### 2016 Total Annual Direct Compensation – MDCC View

NEO	Position	Base Salary <i>i</i>	Annual Bonus	Stock Options	Performance Restricted Stock Units <sup>(A)(C)</sup>	2016-2017 Growth Plan (B)(C)	Total Annual Direct Compensation <sup>(C)</sup>
David M. Cote	Chairman & CEO	\$1,890,000	\$5,700,000	\$9,348,000	\$0	\$4,750,000	\$21,688,000
Thomas A. Szlosek	Chief Financial Officer	\$840,000	\$850,000	\$2,337,000	\$1,337,500	\$1,250,000	\$6,614,500
Darius Adamczyk	Chief Operating Officer	\$1,120,383	\$1,450,000	\$3,896,000	\$1,671,875	\$2,000,000	\$10,138,258
Timothy O. Mahoney	Aerospace - President & CEO	\$917,019	\$850,000	\$2,726,500	\$2,006,250	\$1,250,000	\$7,749,769
Krishna Mikkilineni	SVP - Engineering, Ops and IT	\$717,678	\$725,000	\$2,181,200	\$1,471,250	\$1,000,000	\$6,095,128

- (A) Performance Restricted Stock Units with 100% of payout tied to Honeywell's relative TSR performance against Compensation Peer Group over 3 years, followed by longer-term vesting period (3-5 for Mahoney; 3-5-7 for others). Last biennial grant before compensation program changes.
- (B) Annualized target value of biennial Growth Plan award for the 2016-2017 performance cycle. Last 2-year cycle before compensation program changes.
- (C) Reflects MDCC's view that 50% of value of 2016-2017 biennial awards should be attributed to each of 2016 and 2017. Under SEC requirements for the Proxy Summary Compensation Table, 100% of the Performance RSUs are reported in the 2017 Proxy as 2016 compensation (in year granted) and 100% of the actual earned 2016-2017 Growth Plan awards will be reported in the 2018 Proxy as 2017 compensation (in the last fiscal year in performance period) even though payments made in 2018 and 2019.
- 100% Of The Performance RSUs Contingent On 3-year relative TSR Against Peers (Vs. 30% Previously)
- New Approach To Determine Annual Bonus (ICP) Amounts Last Year Using Prior Year Actual As Baseline
- Last Year With Heavier Weight In Stock Options; Last Year With Biennial Grants Of RSUs And 2-year GPUs

Initial Steps Taken In Significant Exec Comp Program Transformation

#### 2016 RSUs – 100% Performance Contingent

	Target # of	<b>Grant Date</b>		Attributed to
NEO	Shares (1)	Value <sup>(2)</sup>	Vesting (3)	2016 (4)
Thomas A. Szlosek	20,000	\$2,675,000	33% in 3 years; 33% in 5 year; 34% in 7 years	\$1,337,500
Darius Adamczyk	25,000	\$3,343,750	33% in 3 years; 33% in 5 year; 34% in 7 years	\$1,671,875
Timothy O. Mahoney	30,000	\$4,012,500	50% in 3 years; 50% in 5 year	\$2,006,250
Krishna Mikkilineni	22,000	\$2,942,500	33% in 3 years; 33% in 5 year; 34% in 7 years	\$1,471,250

- (1) Performance RSUs with 100% of payout tied to Honeywell's relative TSR performance against Compensation Peer Group over 3-years, followed by longer-term vesting.
- (2) Based on grant date value of \$133.75, which reflects performance features. Valuation conducted by independent valuation company.
- (3) Reflects longer time-vesting period. First 3-years corresponds with the relative-TSR performance period.
- (4) Reflects annualized value attributed to the 2016 Compensation year by the Committee. Last biennial cycle prior to program changes.
- First Action After 2016 Shareowners Meeting.
- Number Earned Based On HON's 3-Year Cumulative TSR Relative To The 2016 Compensation Peer Group.
- Target Number Of Shares Earned At 50<sup>th</sup> Percentile. No Shares Paid If Perform Below 35<sup>th</sup> Percentile. Up To 200% Of Target Shares Earned For Performance At Or Above The 75<sup>th</sup> Percentile. Extrapolate For Intermediate R-TSR Points.
- Longer Vesting Periods To Strengthen Retention.

Performance Features Added To Last Biennial RSUs; No RSUs In 2017

### ICP - Change in Approach For 2016

#### Quantitative (80% of Target ICP) - Based on Performance Against Pre-Established ICP Goals

	Corporate	2016 ICP	2016 Target			Metric		
	ICP	Goal	V. 2015			Funding **	ICP Metric	
	Metric	(Target)*	Actual	2016 Actual	Achievement	5.0/ (2.5)	Weight	Funding %
Corp.	EPS	\$6.575	+8%	\$6.60	100.4%	101.9%	50%	51.0%
Level Goals	FCF (\$M)	\$4,700	+7%	\$4,403	93.7%	84.1%	50%	42.0%
	* midpoint of initial guidance range.  ** based on leverage table.			Quantitative (80% for Corp. NEO before Qualitative): 93.0				93.0%

#### Qualitative (20% of Target ICP) - MDCC Decision Based on 2016's Significant Accomplishments, Including:

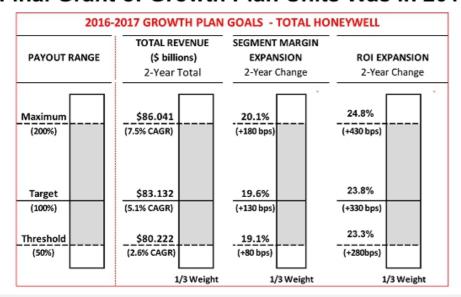
- Outperformance vs. Peers on Sales, EPS, Net Income and ROIC
- · Significant Success in Capital Deployment
  - ASIX Spin-off to Shareowners; HTSI Divestiture and Gain Deployment
  - Acquisitions (3 closed; 8 integrated in 2016), \$8 Billion+ Debt Restructuring, Capex, R&D, Repositioning, OEM Incentives
  - Grew Dividend by 12% and Repurchased \$2.1B in Shares
- Execution on CEO and Other Leadership Transitions
- · Portfolio Realignments (ACS split into HBT & SPS)

All NEOs - Range of ICP Payouts:	Funding %	Weighting	Payout Range
Quantitative: Range of ICP Payout Based on Formula (1)	85.6% - 93.0%	x 80% =	68.5% - 74.4%
Qualitative: Range of MDCC Decisions Based on Individual Assessment	128% - 186%	x 20% =	25.6% - 37.2%
TOTAL 2016 ICP - RAN	GE OF ACTUAL P	AYOUTS:	94.5% - 111.6%

(1) Quantitative Portion for NEO employed in SBG based 50% on Corporate and 50% on SBG-level Net Income and FCF performance against pre-established ICP goals.

More Defined Approach Implemented - Improved Visibility

#### Final Grant of Growth Plan Units Was in 2016



#### **Rigor Of Goals**

Total Revenue: At Target, HON Revenues Need To Grow At 5.1% CAGR In '16 -'17 (Versus 1.5% Actual CAGR In '14 - '15)

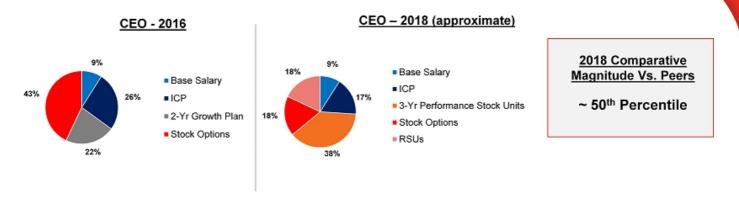
Segment Margin: At Target, HON Must Expand Margins To 19.6%, Versus 17.3% In '14 -'15

ROI: At Target, HON Must Improve ROI By 330 bps vs. '14 - '15 ROI Actual Of 20.3% (Adjusted For Acquisitions)

- Grants Made In February 2016: Payout Occurs 50% In March 2018 And 50% In March 2019
- Aggressive Targets Set For 2016-2017 Two-Year Performance Cycle
- MDCC Retroactively Decided to Convert CEO Grant For Settlement In Shares Instead Of Cash

**Growth Plan Financial Targets Are Extremely Rigorous** 

## **Evolution Of Honeywell Executive Compensation, 2016 - 2018**



- By 2018, We Will Have Reduced Time-Based Options From 43% To 18% Of TDC
- 100% Cash-Based GPUs with 2-Year Non-Overlapping Performance Periods Replaced With Performance Stock Units with 3-Year Overlapping Performance Periods
- LTI Weighting Shifted In Favor of Performance Stock Units with Payout Tied To Objective Metrics and 3-Year Relative TSR (New Element Added To CEO Compensation Mix). Relative TSR Threshold At 35th Percentile

Changes To CEO Compensation Address Both Mix And Magnitude

# Governance Changes in 2016



## Responding To Shareowners: Lead Director Role Changes

- Lead Director Position Will Now Be Permanent (Eliminating One-Year Rotation Based On Seniority)
  - The Board Intends To Biennially Review The Lead Director's Performance And, As Appropriate, Re-Elect Or Elect One Of Its Members
- Selection Criteria For Lead Director Disclosed In 2017 Proxy:
  - Criteria Includes: Knowledge And Understanding Of Honeywell, Its Technologies And The End Markets That It Serves, Experience Leading a Large, Complex Organization, Global Outlook, And Effective Communication Skills
- Duties Of Lead Director Expanded:
  - New Duties Include: Providing Guidance On Key Strategic And Operational Board Agenda Topics, Periodic Consultation With Management About The Scope And Content Of Materials Provided To The Board, And Serving As Ex-Officio Member Of Each Board Committee
- Mr. Jaime Chico Pardo To Serve As Lead Director Through April 2018 Annual Meeting
  - · Board Believes That Mr. Chico Pardo Best Meets Selection Criteria
  - · Relinquished Role As Chairman Of Retirement Plans Committee, Replaced By Dr. Bradley T. Sheares

Strengthening Scope Of Lead Director Role

# **Appendix**

# Reconciliation Of Non-GAAP Measures To GAAP Measures



# Reconciliation of Segment Profit to Operating Income and Calculation of Segment Profit and Operating Income Margins

(\$M)	2014	2015	2016
Segment Profit	\$6,696	\$7,256	\$7,186
Stock Compensation Expense (1)	(187)	(175)	(184)
Repositioning and Other (1, 2)	(634)	(576)	(679)
Pension Ongoing Income (1)	254	430	601
Pension Mark-to-Market Expense (1)	(249)	(67)	(273)
OPEB (Expense) Income <sup>(1)</sup>	(49)	(40)	32
Operating Income	\$5,831	\$6,828	\$6,683
Segment Profit	\$6,696	\$7,256	\$7,186
÷ Sales	\$40,306	\$38,581	\$39,302
Segment Profit Margin %	16.6%	18.8%	18.3%
Operating Income	\$5,831	\$6,828	\$6,683
+ Sales	\$40,306	\$38,581	\$39,302
Operating Income Margin %	14.5%	17.7%	17.0%

<sup>(</sup>f) included in cost of products and services sold and setting, general and administrative expenses.



<sup>(2)</sup> Includes repositioning, asbestos, environmental expenses and equity income adjustment

## Reconciliation of EPS to EPS, Excluding Pension Mark-to-Market and Debt Refinancing Expenses

	2014(1)	2015 <sup>(2)</sup>	2016 <sup>(3)</sup>
EPS	\$5.33	\$6.04	\$6.20
Pension Mark-to-Market Expense	0.23	0.06	0.28
Debt Refinancing Expense			0.12
EPS, Excluding Pension Mark-to-Market			
and Debt Refinancing Expenses	\$5.56	\$6.10	\$6.60

<sup>(1)</sup> Utilizes weighted average shares of 795.2 million. Pension mark-to-market expense uses a blended tax rate of 28.1%.



<sup>(2)</sup> Utilizes weighted average shares of 789.3 million. Pension mark-to-market expense uses a blended tax rate of 36.1%.

<sup>(3)</sup> Utilizes weighted average shares of 775.3 million. Pension mark-to-market expense uses a blended tax rate of 213% and debt refinancing expense uses a tax rate of 25.5%

# Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Income, Excluding Pension Mark-to-Market and Debt Refinancing Expenses

(\$M)	2015 <sup>(1)</sup>	2016 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net Income, Attributable to Honeywell	\$4,768	\$4,809
Pension Mark-to-Market Expense, Net of Tax	43	215
Debt Refinancing Expense, Net of Tax		93
Net Income, Excluding Pension Mark-to-Market		
and Debt Refinancing Expenses	\$4,811	\$5,117

<sup>(1)</sup> Pension mark-to-market expense uses a blended tax rate of 36.1%.



<sup>(2)</sup> Pension mark-to-market expense uses a blended tax rate of 21.3% and debt refinancing expense uses a tax rate of 26.5%.

# Reconciliation of Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow

(\$B)	
Cash Provided by Op	perating Activities
Expenditures for Pro	perty, Plant and Equipment
Free Cash Flow	

2014	2015	2016
\$5.1	\$5.5	\$5.5
(1.1)	(1.1)	(1.1)
\$4.0	\$4.4	\$4.4

